Industrieverband Agrar

„Ackerbau ohne Neonikotinoide Beizmittel“ Eine Einführung

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Was sind Neonikotinoide?

- Neonikotinoide sind eine Gruppe von insektiziden Pflanzenschutz-Wirkstoffen
- Die Wirkstoffe werden seit rund 20 Jahren mit Erfolg weltweit in nahezu allen Kulturen von Landwirten eingesetzt
- Wirkung ähnelt dem Nikotin; der wesentliche Unterschied: gering toxisch für Wirbeltiere
- Breite Einsatzmöglichkeiten gegen beißende und saugende Schadinsekten
- Neonikotinoide Wirkstoffe werden häufig in der Saatgutbeizung eingesetzt: die Pflanze nimmt das Mittel auf und ist geschützt

Wirkstoff	Zulassungsinhaber
Imidacloprid	Bayer CropScience
Clothianidin	Bayer CropScience
Thiamethoxam	Syngenta

Wichtige in der EU genehmigte Neonikotinoide

EU-Verordnung 485/2013: Prüfauftrag an die Kommission

L 139/12 EN Official Journal of the European Union 25.5.2013

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) No 485/2013

of 24 May 2013

amending Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011, as regards the conditions of approval of the active substances clothianidin, thiamethoxam and imidacloprid, and prohibiting the use and sale of seeds treated with plant protection products containing those active substances

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the Europ
Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of
European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2
concerning the placing of plant protection products on
market and repealing Council Directives 79/117/EEC
91/414/EEC [1], and in particular the first alternative of
Article 21(3), Article 49(2) and Article 78(2) thereof,

Whereas:

of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, this period should expire at the latest 30 November 2013. Within two years from the date of entry into force of the present Regulation the Commission will initiate without undue delay a review of the new scientific information which it has received.

active substances clothianidin, thiamethoxam or imidacloprid. The Authority identified in particular high acute risks for bees from exposure via dust as regards several crops, from consumption of residues in contaminated pollen and nectar as regards some crops

Aktuell: EFSA ermuntert zur Einreichung neuer Studien

http://www.efsa.europa.eu/de/data/ca | Call for new scientific infor...

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Call for new scientific information as regards the risk to bees from the use of the three neonicotinoid pesticide active substances clothianidin, imidacloprid and thiamethoxam applied as seed treatments and granules in the EU

Deadline: 30 September 2015

Siehe auch
- Pestizide

Document (252.75 KB)

Background

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 485/2013 amended the conditions for approvals of the active substances **clothianidin, imidacloprid** and **thiamethoxam** for use in plant protection products, all belonging to the group of neonicotinoids. The specific provisions of the approval were amended to restrict the uses of clothianidin, thiamethoxam and imidacloprid, to provide for specific risk mitigation measures for the protection of bees and to limit the use of the plant protection products containing these active substances to professional users. In particular, the uses as seed treatment, soil treatment and pre-flowering applications of plant protection products containing clothianidin, thiamethoxam and imidacloprid have been prohibited for crops attractive to bees and for cereals, except for uses in greenhouses, for winter cereals and post-flowering applications.

The measures were taken following the previous EFSA assessments of the risk to bees from these substances (EFSA Journal 2013;11(1): 3066, 3067, 3068).

In accordance with recital 16 of Regulation (EU) No 485/2013, within two years from the date of entry into force of that Regulation, the European Commission foresees to initiate without undue delay a review of the new